

What will a Humshaugh First School Computer Scientist look like?		
	At the end of Year 2 they will have the	At the end of Year 6 they will have the following
	following knowledge:	knowledge:
Being a	The National Curriculum for Computing aims	The National Curriculum for Computing aims to
computer	to ensure that all pupils:	ensure that all pupils:
scientist	 can understand and apply the fundamental 	 can understand and apply the fundamental
	principles and concepts of computer science,	principles and concepts of computer science,
	including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data	including abstraction, logic, algorithms and
	representation	data representation
	 can analyse problems in computational 	• can analyse problems in computational terms,
	terms, and have repeated practical experience	and have repeated practical experience of
	of writing computer programs in order to solve	writing computer programs in order to solve
	such problems	such problems
	 can evaluate and apply information 	 can evaluate and apply information
	technology, including new or unfamiliar	technology, including new or unfamiliar
	technologies, analytically to solve problems	technologies, analytically to solve problems
	 are responsible, competent, confident and 	 are responsible, competent, confident and
	creative users of information and	creative users of information and
	communication technology	communication technology

Knowledge	During Key Stage 1, pupils should be taught to:		
	• understand what algorithms are, how they are implemented as programs on digital devices, and that		
	programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions ● create and debug simple programs		
	• use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content		
	 recognise common uses of information technology beyond school 		
	• use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go		
	for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other		
	online technologies		
	During Key Stage 2, pupils should be taught to:		
	• design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating		
	physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts		
	• use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input		
	and output		
	• use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors		
	in algorithms and programs		
	• understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such		
	as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration		
	 use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be 		
	discerning in evaluating digital content		
	• select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital		
	devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals,		
	including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information		
	• use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour;		

identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact

Progression of key skills from Y1 - Y4

	Computer Science	Information Technology	
End of EYFS	(FS) Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. They		
	use technology for particular purposes.		
End of Year 1	 To understand what algorithms are 	 To use technology purposefully to access, create, 	
	To create simple programs	store and retrieve digital content	
		 To use technology safely & to understand the 	
		need to keep personal information private	
		 To recognise common uses of information 	
		technology beyond school	
End of Year 2	 To understand that algorithms are 	 To use technology purposefully to access, 	
	implemented as programs on digital devices	organise, edit and manipulate digital content	
	 To understand that programs execute by 	 To use technology respectfully and identify where 	
	following precise and unambiguous instructions	to go for help and support when they have	
	 To use logical reasoning to predict the 	concerns about content or contact on the internet	
	behaviour of simple programs and debug	or other online technologies	
	simple programs		
End of Year 3	To write and debug programs that	To use search technologies effectively	
	accomplish	 To use a variety of software to accomplish given 	
	specific goals	goals	
	To use sequences in programs	To collect information	
	 To work with various forms of input and 	 To design, create and present content 	
	output	 To use technology responsibly and identify a 	
		range of ways to report concerns about contact	

End of Year 4	• To design, create and to use logical reasoning	To select a variety of software to accomplish
	to debug programs that accomplish specific	given goals
	goals	 To select, use and combine internet services
	 To use repetition in programs 	To analyse and evaluate information
	 To control or simulate physical systems 	To collect and present data
	To understand how computer networks can	To understand the opportunities computer
	provide multiple services, such as the world	networks offer for communication
	wide web	 To identify a range of ways to report concerns
	• To appreciate how search results are selected	about content and recognise acceptable and
		unacceptable behaviour

Computer Science concepts

At the end of Key Stage 1, the pupils will have developed an understanding of the following computing concepts:	At the end of Key Stage 2, the pupils will have developed an understanding of the following computing concepts:
Program (algorithm), Logical reasoning, Instructions, Debug, Information retrieval, manipulation, Online, Internet, Digital, Software, Hardware, Login/out,	Program (algorithm), Logical reasoning, Instructions, Debug, Information retrieval, manipulation, Online, Internet, Digital, Software, Hardware, Login/out, Design, Input, Output, Sequence and Repetition, Network, WWW, Analyse and Evaluate, Search, Browser, Control, Physical Systems, Simulate